

# **DATA SHEET**

Product Name Wire-wound Anti-Surge Fixed Resistors

Part Name KNPA Series

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Brands RoyalOhm UniOhm









### 1. Scope

- 1.1 This specification for approve relates Power Wire-wound Anti-Surge Fixed Resistors manufactured by UNI-ROYAL.
- 1.2 Excellent flame retardant coating
- 1.3 According to IEC 61000-4-5
- 1.4 Applies to electricity meters, home appliance and ballast

### 2. Part No. System

The standard Part No. includes 14 digits with the following explanation:

2.1 Wire-Wound Fixed Resistors type, the 1st to 3rd digits are to indicate the product type and 4th digit is the special feature.

Example: KNPA= Wire-Wound Anti-Surge Fixed Resistors type.

- 2.2 5th~6th digits:
- 2.2.1 This is to indicate the wattage or power rating. To dieting the size and the numbers,

The following codes are used; and please refer to the following chart for detail:

W=Normal Size; S=Small Size; U=Extra Small Size; "1"~"G"to denotes"1"~"16"as

Hexadecimal:

 $1/16W \sim 1/2W (< 1W)$ 

Wattage		1/2	1/3	1/4	1/5	1/6	1/8	1/10	1/16
Normal Size	W2	W3	W4	W5	W6	W8	WA	WG	
Small Size		S2	S3	S4	S5	S6	S8	SA	SG
1W~16W (≧1W)									
Wattage	1	2	3	5	7	8	9	10	15
Normal Size	1W	2W	3W	5W	7W	8W	9W	AW	FW
Small Size	1S	2S	3S	5S	7S	8S	9S	AS	FS

2.2.2 For power rating less than 1 watt, the 5th digit will be the letters W, S or U to represent the size required & the 6th digit will be a number or a letter code.

Example: WA=1/10W

2.2.3 For power of 1 watt to 16 watt, the 5th digit will be a number or a letter code and the 6th digit will be the letters of W or S.

Example: AS=10W-S; 3S=3W-S

2.3 The 7th digit is to denote the Resistance Tolerance. The following letter code is to be used for indicating the standard Resistance Tolerance.

$$F=\pm 1\%$$
  $G=\pm 2\%$   $J=\pm 5\%$   $K=\pm 10\%$ 

- 2.4 The 8th to 11th digits is to denote the Resistance Value.
- 2.4.1 For the standard resistance values of 5% series, the 8th digit is "0", the 9th & 10th digits are to denote the significant figures of the resistance and the 11th digit is the number of zeros following.;
- 2.4.2 The following number s and the letter codes are to be used to indicate the number of zeros in the 11th digit:

$$0=10^0$$
  $1=10^1$   $2=10^2$   $3=10^3$   $4=10^4$   $5=10^5$   $6=10^6$   $J=10^{-1}$   $K=10^{-2}$   $L=10^{-3}$   $M=10^{-4}$ 

2.4.3 The 12th, 13th & 14th digits.

The 12th digit is to denote the Packaging Type with the following codes:

A=Tape/Box (Ammo pack) B=Bulk/Box

T=Tape/Reel P=Tape/Box of PT-26 products

2.4.4 The 13th digit is normally to indicate the Packing Quantity of Tape/Box & Tape/Reel packaging types. The following letter code or number code is to be used for some packing quantities:

A=500pcs 1=1000pcs 2=2000pcs 5=5000pcs

2.4.5 For some items, the 14th digit alone can use to denote special features of additional information with the following codes:

0=NIL P=Panasert type 0=NIL 1=Avisert type 1 2=Avisert type 2

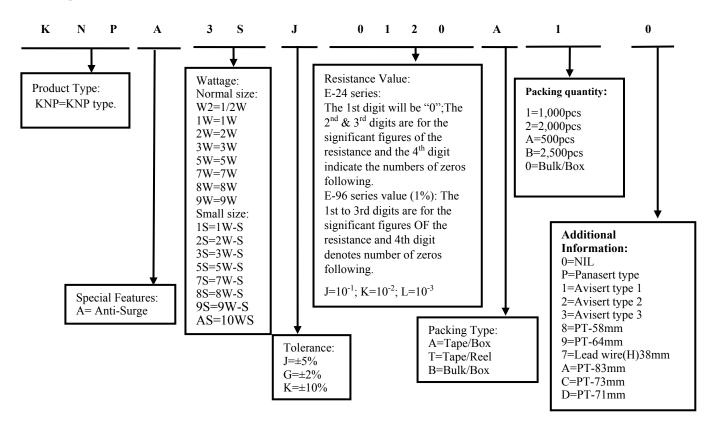
3=Avisert type 3 A=Cutting type CO 1/4W-A type B= Cutting type CO 1/4W-B type





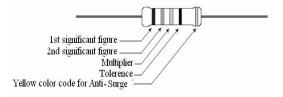
#### 3. Ordering Procedure

(Example: KNPA 3WS  $\pm 5\%$  12 $\Omega$  T/B-1000)

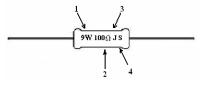


### 4. Marking

 $4.1\,$  For KNPA normal size: 1/2W, 1W, 2W, 3W and KNPA small size: 1W-S, 2W-S, 3W-S, 5W-S Resistors shall be marked with color coding  $\,$ , colors shall be in accordance with JIS C 0802



4.2 For KNPA normal size: 5W, 7W, 8W, 9W and KNPA small size: 7W-S, 8W-S, 9W-S, 10W-S



Code description and regulation

- 1. Wattage rating.
- 2. Nominal resistance value.
- 3. Resistance Tolerance.
- 4. S = Product KNPA
- 4.3 Label:

Label shall be marked with following items:

- (1) Type and style
- (2) Nominal resistance
- (3) Resistance tolerance
- (4) Quantity
- (5) Lot number
- (6) PPM

Example:

WATT : 8W VAL: 22Ω

Q'TY: 25 TOL: 5%

LOT: 7021528 PPM:

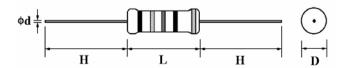
Wire-wound Anti-Surge Fixed Resistors





### 5. Ratings & Dimension

#### 5.1 Dimension:



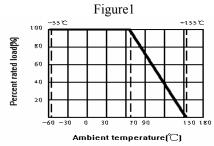
Type	Dimension(mm)					Resistance Range	Tolerance
Турс	D±1	L±1	d±0.05	H±3	PT	Resistance Range	Tolerance
KNPA 1/2W,1WS	3.5	9.5	0.54	28	52	10Ω~820Ω	
KNPA 1W,2WS	4.5	11.5	0.70	25	52	10Ω~1.2ΚΩ	
KNPA 2W,3WS	5.5	15.5	0.70	28	64	10Ω~3.0ΚΩ	
KNPA 3W,5WS	6.5	17.5	0.75	28	64	10Ω~3.9ΚΩ	±5%
KNPA 5W,7WS	8.5	24.5	0.75	38	90	10Ω~5.6ΚΩ	±370
KNPA 7W,8WS	8.5	29.5	0.75	38	B/B	10Ω~8.2ΚΩ	
KNPA 8W,9WS	8.5	39.5	0.75	38	B/B	10Ω~10ΚΩ	
KNPA 9W,AS	8.5	52.5	0.75	38	B/B	10Ω~15ΚΩ	

### 5.2 Rating:

Туре	Low Resistance Range	Maximum Surge Voltage	Medium Resistance Range	Maximum Surge Voltage	High Resistance Range	Maximum Surge Voltage
KNPA 1/2W,1WS	10Ω~40Ω	2KV	43Ω~240Ω	3KV	270Ω~820Ω	4KV
KNPA 1W,2WS	10Ω~50Ω	3KV	51Ω~240Ω	4KV	270Ω~1.2ΚΩ	5KV
KNPA 2W,3WS	10Ω~100Ω	4KV	110Ω~240Ω	5KV	270Ω~3.0ΚΩ	6KV
KNPA 3W,5WS	10Ω~100Ω	6KV	110Ω~680Ω	7KV	750Ω~3.9ΚΩ	8KV
KNPA 5W,7WS	10Ω~160Ω	7KV	180Ω~680Ω	8KV	750Ω~5.6ΚΩ	9KV
KNPA 7W,8WS	10Ω~160Ω	8KV	180Ω~680Ω	9KV	750Ω~8.2ΚΩ	10KV
KNPA 8W,9WS	10Ω~160Ω	9KV	180Ω~680Ω	10KV	750Ω~10ΚΩ	10KV
KNPA 9W,AS	10Ω~160Ω	10KV	180Ω~680Ω	10KV	750ΚΩ~15ΚΩ	10KV

### 6. Derating Curve

Resistors shall have a power rating based on continuous load operation at an ambient temperature from -55  $^{\circ}$ C to 70  $^{\circ}$ C. For temperature in excess of 70  $^{\circ}$ C, the load shall be derate as shown in figure 1



### 6.1 Voltage rating:

Resistors shall have a rated direct-current (DC) continuous working voltage or an approximate sine-wave root-mean-square (RMS) alternating-current (AC) continuous working voltage at commercial-line frequency and waveform corresponding to the power rating, as determined from the following formula:

$$RCWV = \sqrt{P \times R}$$

Where: RCWV = rated dc or RMS ac continuous working voltage at commercial-line frequency and waveform (VOLT.)

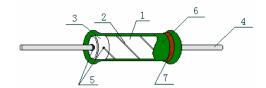
P = power rating (WATT.)

R= nominal resistance (OHM)





### 7. Structure



No.	Name	Raw materials			
1	Basic body	Rod Type Ceramics			
2	Resistor	Ni-Cr &Cu-Ni Alloys			
3	End cap	Steel (Tin Plated iron Surface)			
4	Lead wire	Tin solder coated copper wire			
5	Joint	By welding			
6	Coating	Normal size & Insulated Non-Flame Paint			
	Coating	Color: Deep Green			
7	Marking	Epoxy Resin			

### 8. Performance Specification

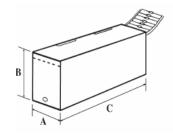
Characteristic	Limits	Test Method (GB/T5729&JIS-C-5201&IEC60115)			
Temperature Coefficient	±200PPM/°C	$\begin{array}{c} 4.8 \text{ Natural resistance changes per temp. Degree centigrade} \\ \hline \frac{R_2\text{-}R_1}{R_1(t_2\text{-}t_1)} \times 10^6  (\text{PPM/°C}) & \frac{R_3\text{-}R_1}{R_1(t_3\text{-}t_1)} \times 10^6  (\text{PPM/°C}) \\ \hline R_1: \text{ Resistance Value at room temperature } \left(t_1\right); \\ R_2: \text{ Resistance Value at upper limit temperature } \pm 2^{\circ}\text{C}  \left(t_2\right) \\ R_3: \text{ Resistance Value at lower limit temperature } \pm 3^{\circ}\text{C}  \left(t_3\right) \\ \hline \text{Test pattern}: \text{ Room temperature}:  \left(t_1\right) \\ \text{ Upper limit temperature}:  \left(t_2\right) \\ \text{ Lower limit temperature}:  \left(t_3\right) \\ \hline \end{array}$			
Short-Time Overload	Resistance change rate must be in $\pm (2\% + 0.05\Omega) Max$ , and no mechanical damage.	4.13 Permanent resistance change after the application of a potential of 10 times Power for 5 seconds.			
Terminal strength	No evidence of mechanical damage	4.16 Direct load: Resistance to a 2.5 kg direct load for 10 seconds in the direction of the longitudinal axis of the terminal leads. Twist test: Terminal leads shall be bent through 90°at a point of about 6mm from the body of the resistor and shall be rotated through 360° about the original axis of the bent terminal in alternating direction for a total of 3 rotations.			
Resistance to soldering heat	Resistance change rate must be in $\pm (1\% + 0.05\Omega)$ , and no mechanical damage.	4.18 Permanent resistance change when leads immersed to a point 2.0-2.5mm from the body in 260 ℃±5 ℃ solder for 10±1 seconds.			
Solderability	95% Coverage Min.	4.17 The area covered with a new, smooth, clean, shiny and continuous surface free from concentrated pinholes.  Temperature of solder: 245 °C ±3 °C  Dwell time in solder: 2~3 seconds.			
Rapid change of temperature	Resistance change rate must be in $\pm (5\% \pm 0.05\Omega)$ , and no mechanical damage.	4.19 30 min at lower limit temperature and 30 min at upper limit temperature • 5 cycles.			

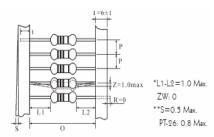




Humidity ( steady state )	Resistance change rate must be in $\pm$ (2%+0.05 $\Omega$ ), and no mechanical damage.	4.24Temporary resistance change after 240 hours exposure in a humidity test chamber controlled at 40±2°C and 90-95% relative humidity,
Load life in humidity	Resistance change rate must be in $\pm (5\% + 0.05\Omega)$ , and no mechanical damage.	7.9 resistance change after 1,000 hours (1.5 hours "ON",0.5 hour "OFF") at RCWV in a humidity test chamber controlled at 40°C±2°C and 90 to 95% relative humidity.
Surge	Resistance change rate is:±(5%+0.05Ω Max	Surge voltageas per the 1.2 $\mu$ s/50 $\mu$ s exponential open circuit voltage waveform according to IEC 61000-4-5 standard as shown below: $U$ (% pulse voltage)
Resistance to solvent	No deterioration of protective coatings & markings	4.29 Specimens shall be immersed in a bath of trichloroethylene completely for 3 min. With ultrasonic
Load life	Resistance change rate must be in $\pm (5\% + 0.05\Omega)$ , and no mechanical damage.	4.25.1 permanent resistance change after 1,000 hours operating at RCWV with duty cycle of 1.5 hours "ON", 0.5 hour "OFF" at 70 °C±2°C ambient.
Low Temperature Storage	Resistance change rate must be in $\pm (5\% + 0.05\Omega)$ , and no mechanical damage.	4.23.4 Lower limit temperature , for 2H.
High Temperature Exposure	Resistance change rate must be in $\pm (5\% + 0.05\Omega)$ , and no mechanical damage.	4.23.2 Upper limit temperature , for 16H.

# 9. Packing of Surface Mount Resistors 9.1 Tapes in Box Packing:





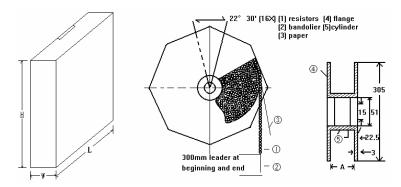
Dimension	of T/B	(mm)
Dimension	01 1/10	(,

Dimension of 1/D (mm)		
Qty/Box		
1,000pcs		
500pcs		



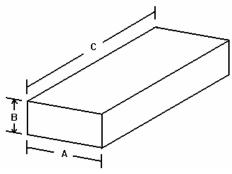


### 9.2 Tapes in Reel Packing:



					Dimension of Reel (mm)		
Part No.	О	A	W±5	H±5	L±5	Qty/Box	
KNPA 1/2W	52±1	73±2	85	295	293	2,500pcs	
KNPA 1WS	52±1	73±2	85	295	293	2,500pcs	
KNPA 1W	52±1	73±2	85	295	293	2,500pcs	
KNPA 2WS	52±1	73±2	85	295	293	2,500pcs	
KNPA 2W	64±5	80±5	95	295	293	1,000pcs	
KNPA 3WS	64±5	80±5	95	295	293	1,000pcs	
KNPA 3W	64±5	80±5	95	295	293	1,000pcs	
KNPA 5WS	64±5	80±5	95	295	293	1,000pcs	
KNPA 5W	90±5	115±5	121	310	310	700pcs	
KNPA 7WS	90±5	115±5	121	310	310	700pcs	

### 9.3 Bulk in Box Packing:



				Dimension of Box (mm)
Part No.	A±5	B±5	C±5	Qty/Box
KNPA 1/2W	140	80	240	250/5,000pcs
KNPA 1WS	140	80	240	250/5,000pcs
KNPA 1W	140	80	240	100/2,500pcs
KNPA 2WS	140	80	240	100/2,500pcs
KNPA 2W	140	80	240	100/1,500pcs
KNPA 3WS	140	80	240	100/1,500pcs
KNPA 3W	140	80	240	100/1,000pcs
KNPA 5WS	140	80	240	100/1,000pcs
KNPA 5W	140	80	240	25/400pcs
KNPA 7WS	140	80	240	25/400pcs
KNPA 7W	140	80	240	25/300pcs
KNPA 8WS	140	80	240	25/300pcs
KNPA 8W	140	80	240	25/200pcs
KNPA 9WS	140	80	240	25/200pcs
KNPA 9W	140	80	240	25/200pcs
KNPA 10WS	140	80	240	25/200pcs





### 10. Note

10.1 UNI-ROYAL recommend the storage condition temperature: 15°C~35°C, humidity:25%~75%.

(Put condition for individual product)

Even under UNI-ROYAL recommended storage condition, solderability of products over 1 year old.

(Put condition for each product) may be degraded.

10.2 Store / transport cartons in the correct direction, which is indicated on a carton as a symbol.

Otherwise bent leads may occur due to excessive stress applied when dropping of a carton.

- 10...3 Product performance and soldered connections may deteriorate if the products are stored in the following places:
  - a. Storage in high Electrostatic
  - b. Storage in direct sunshine · rain and snow or condensation
  - c. Where the products are exposed to sea winds or corrosive gases, including Cl<sub>2</sub>, H<sub>2</sub>S<sub>3</sub> NH<sub>3</sub>, SO<sub>2</sub>, NO<sub>2</sub>.

### 11. Record

Version	Description of amendment	Page	Date	Amended by	Checked by
1	First issue of this specification	1~8	Mar.20, 2018	Chen Haiyan	Chen Nana

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